# LG Chem's Current and Future Battery Technologies for xEVs

SAE 2018 Hybrid & Electric Vehicle Technologies Symposium San Diego, CA

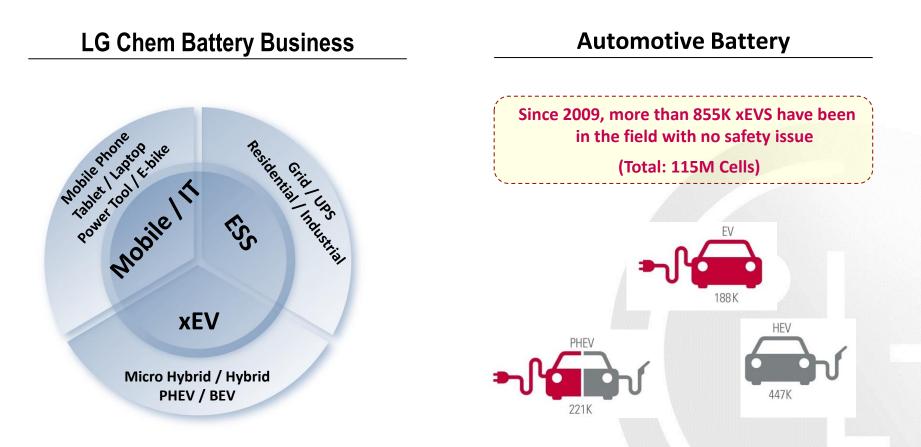
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February 22, 2018



# LG Chem Battery Business

LG Chem provides reliable energy solutions for Mobile/IT, ESS & xEV applications



# LG Chem Battery Global Operation

4 battery production plants and 3 R&D centers



#### Production Capacity: > 50 GWh by 2020



#### Troy, Michigan

- NA Tech Center with an engineering footprint for design of modules, packs, thermal management, and BMS.
- Sales, Marketing, and Field Support for both automotive and Energy Storage (ESS) business.

- \* Battery pack technology: design and development
- \* Battery management systems (BMS)
- $\boldsymbol{\ast}$  System integration, validation , and test support
- \* Program management
- \* Warranty Analysis
- \* Prototypes and production solutions

#### Holland, Michigan

- Manufacturing plant for cells, modules and packs
  - 5 models of cells
  - 2 models of modules
  - 2 models of packs



# ELECTRIC VEHICLES

#### Policy, Auto OEM's Strategy

<u>Government</u> <u>Policy</u>  ⊖ Subsidy, ⊜ Environmental Regulations, ⊛ Mandatory EV Production Rules
 - Banning ICE Cars : Norway/Netherland(2025), U.K./France(2040), Germany(2030, Resolution passed), China(Under consideration)



All cars to be electric or hybrid from 2019

<u>Auto OEM's</u> <u>Strategy</u>

- *Find* 40 electrified vehicles by 2022. 16 EVs. \$11B investment
  - 20 new BEVs + FC by 2023



GM

All models to be electrified by 2030. Plans to invest \$40B



12 full electric cars and 13 hybrids to market by 2025

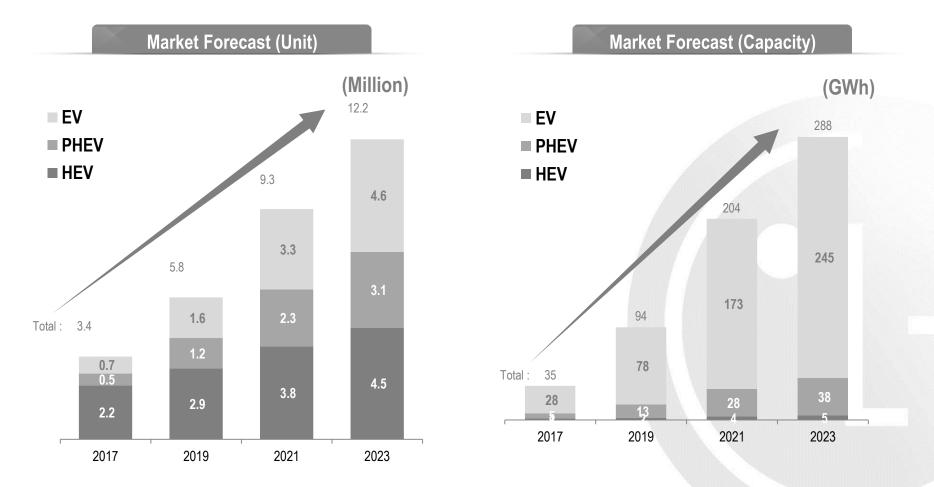


10 new electric car models to market by 2022

50% of all vehicles will be electrified by 2030. Overall strategy region specific. 4.5M cars hybrid/PHEV, 1M EV/FC by 2030

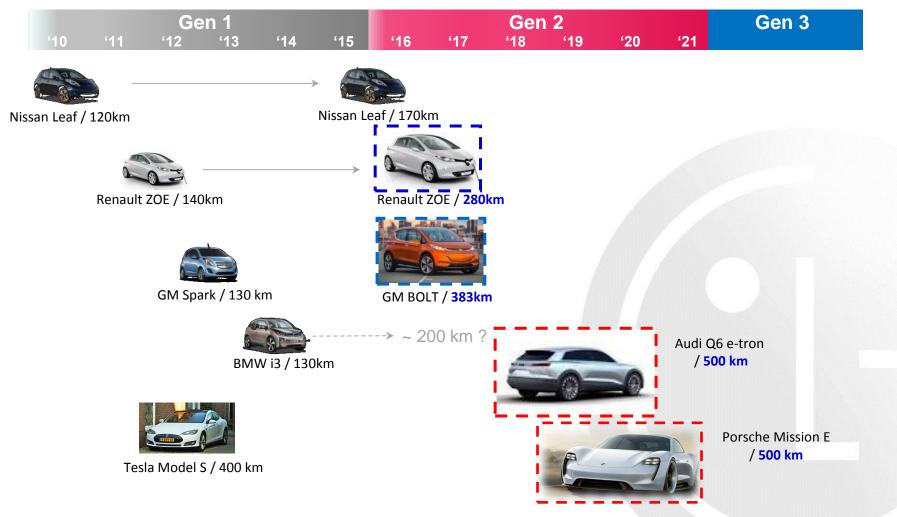
# Global xEV Market

- Global xEV Market is expected to grow at a rapid pace in coming years
- EV battery demand will lead market growth in terms of battery capacity (~ 80%)



# Global EV Vehicle

#### EVs: variety of ranges in the market or soon to be introduced



# Key Challenges for Future EV Battery Development



- Driving Range Extension
  > 300 miles
- Affordable Vehicle Price
  - ⋟ \$ 100/kWh cell
  - \$125 pack
- Quick Charging
  - 80% SOC in 20 min
- Reuse and Recycle

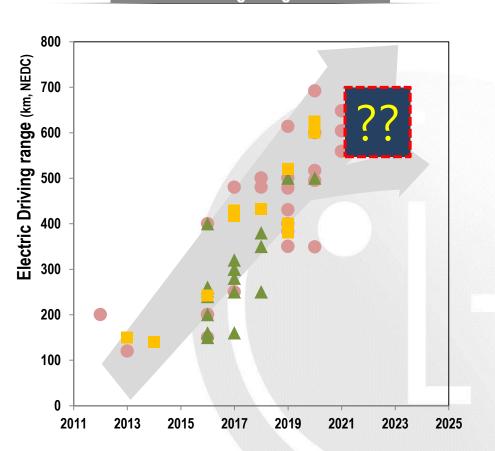


- Energy Density Increase
  - 750 Wh/l; 350 Wh/kg ('22) High energy cathode, Silicon in the anode
- Cost Reduction
  - Material innovation, simpler pack design, thermally robust chemistry; minimum cooling requirements
- Charge Power Improvement
  - Multi-step charging
  - Electrode resistance reduction by coating, doping

### Driving Range Extension vs. Energy Density Increase

What should the final driving range target be?

- Current ICE driving range ~ 500 -800 km
- Current EV driving range ~ 300 500 km
- Need further improvement in energy density to ensure actual driving range over 500 km at low temp and when HVAC is in use.

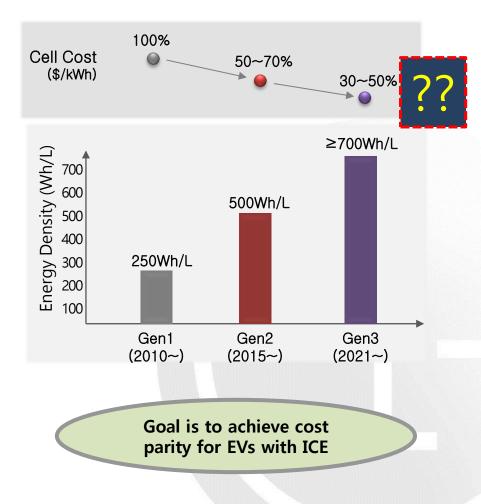


**BEV Driving Range Trend** 

# Cost Reduction in Vehicle vs. Battery

#### How much more can the battery cost be reduced?

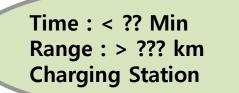
- Current material cost of EV battery is ~
  60~80% depending on design
- Metal (Lithium, Cobalt etc.) prices have placed uncertainty on future battery price direction
- Other factors to consider: *Manufacturing, Pack, BMS, Driving range, Fuel Efficiency*



# Fast Charging

#### How quick? How much EV range?

- Current EVs can be fast charged within 15~40 min for ~ 80% of original driving range
- Fast charging capability is inversely proportional to energy density
- Charging infrastructure needed to support fast charge (50~100 kW now)



#### Fast Charging <15 min >40 min 15min~40 min (SOC 80%) > 500km Driving Range (km) 00 00 000 100 250-400km 150km 100 Gen1 Gen3 Gen2 (2010~) (2015~) (2021~)

#### **Vehicle Target**

# LG CHEM CELL TECHNOLOGY

Large-format pouch cells championed by LG Chem provide packaging flexibility that is a design advantage for automotive batteries.

#### **High Energy Density**

- \* Our DNA is chemicals and materials
  - In-house capability for cathodes, anodes,
  - electrolytes, and separators
- \* Stack & Folding structure
  - Stack & folding cell design allows uniform distribution of heat and stress

# Stack & Folding

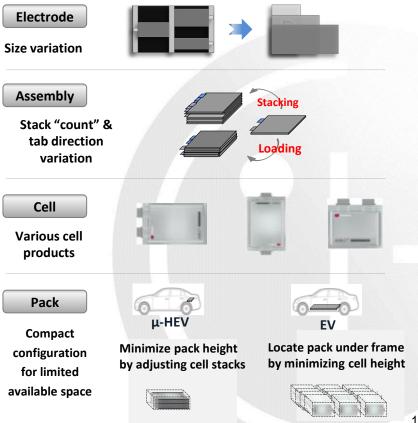
\* Volumetric Energy Density

- Higher utilization of available space for active electrodes

	µ-HEV	HEV	PHEV	EV
Capacity	4~ 20Ah	5~7Ah	26~50 Ah	37~70Ah

#### **Design Flexibility**

 Pouch cells offer footprint flexibility to match vehicle package



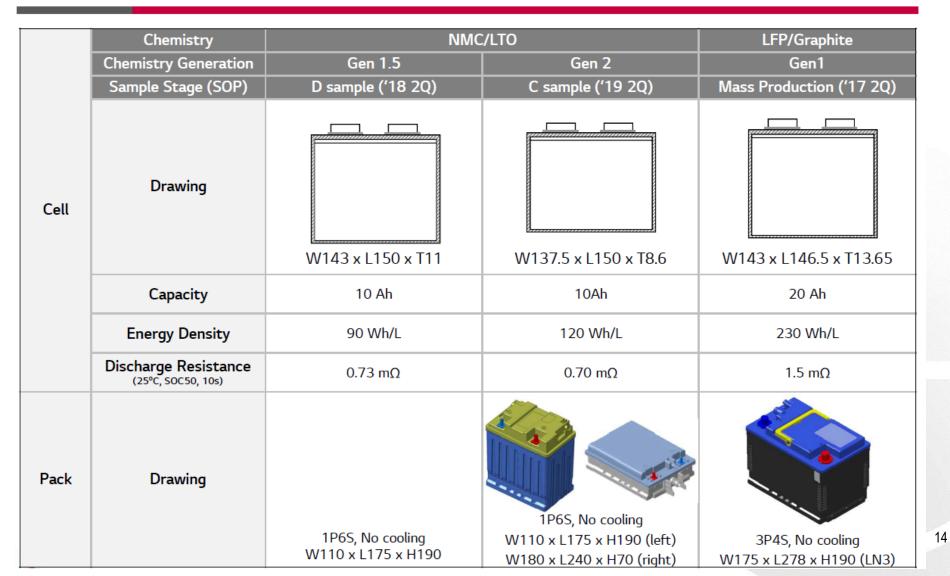
# LiB for 48V Application

#### LiB for 48V Application: LGC's Current Line-up for affordable 48V

	Chemistry	NCM/LTO		NCM/Graphite	
	Chemistry Generation	Gen 1	Gen 2	Gen2	Gen2
Cell	Sample Stage (SOP)	Mass Production ('17 2Q)	C sample ('19 2Q)	Mass Production ('16 1Q)	D sample ('17.4Q)
	Drawing				
		W120 x L243 x T3.7	W137.5 x L150 x T8.6	W133 x L 312.5 x T4.05	W112 x L 246.5 x T6.66
	Capacity	4.5 Ah	10Ah	9.5 Ah	9.8 Ah
	Energy Density	90 Wh/L	120 Wh/L	210 Wh/L	190Wh/L
	Discharge R (25°C, SOC50, 10s)	1.5 mΩ	0.70 mΩ	1.8 mΩ	1.6 mΩ
Pack	Drawing			CR TON	
		1P20S, Air Cooling W143.1 x L343.4 x H143	1P20S, Liquid Cooling W175 x L242 x H199	1P13S, Air Cooling W175 x L394 x H110	1P12S, Air Cooling (DC/DC) W356 x L522 x H103

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# LiB for 12 V Application LIB for 12V application : LGC's Current Line-up





# **Thank You!**